Robert Wood Center for Johnson Foundation Health Policy at the University of New Mexico

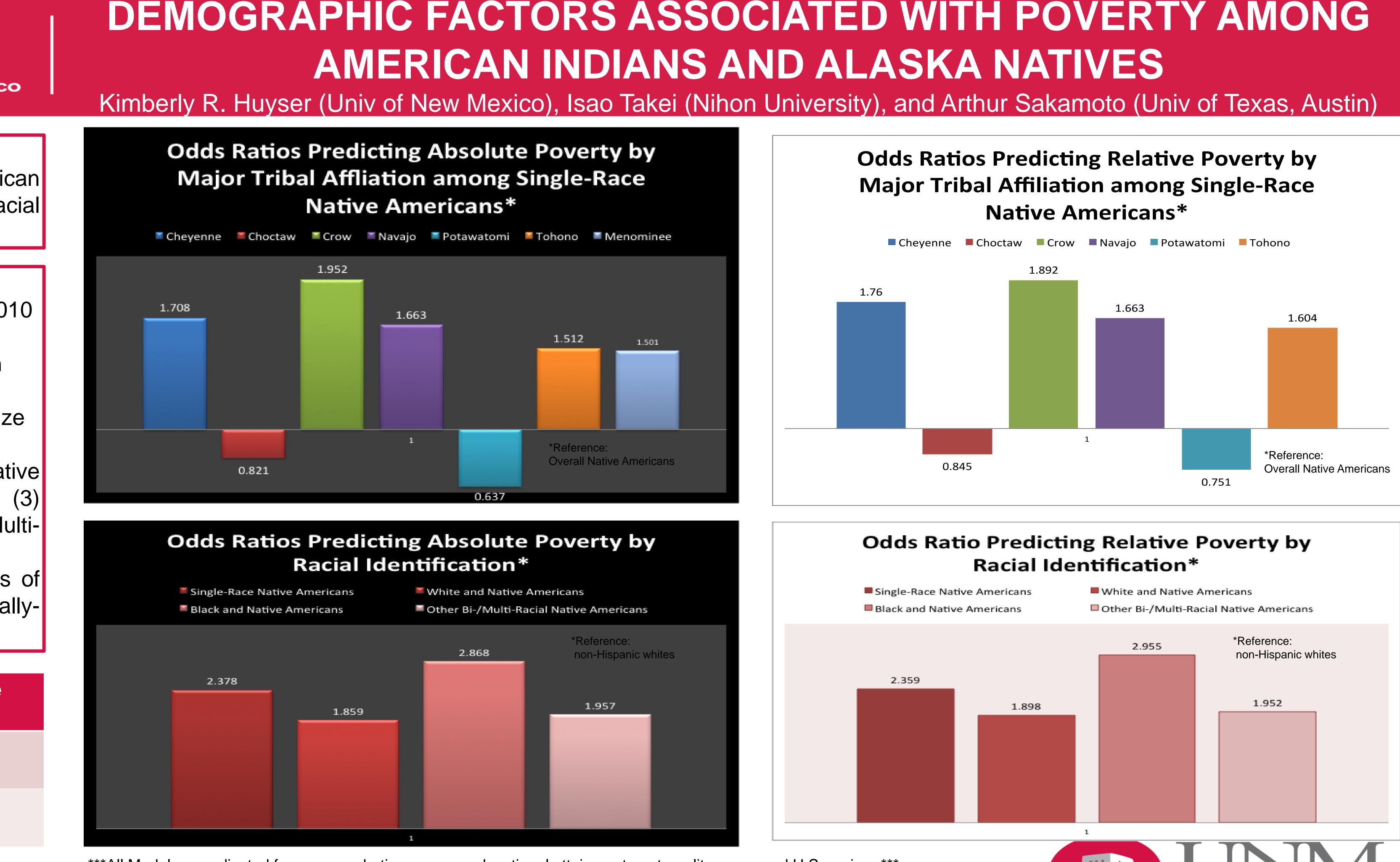
Purpose of Study

Provide an overview of poverty among American Indians and Alaska Natives by self-identified racial identification and by principal tribal affiliation.

Data & Methods

- American Community Survey (ACS) 2006-2010 Logistic Regression:
 - Absolute Poverty: Census Definition
 - Relative Poverty: 50% of Median Household Income – adjusting for size & composition
- Identification: (1) single-race Native Racial American, (2) white & Native American, (3) Black & Native American, and (4) Other Multi-Race Native Americans
- 35 most common Tribal Affiliations consists of aggregate tribal names of both federallyrecognized and state-recognized tribes

Overall Rates	Absolute Poverty	Relative Poverty
non-Hispanic whites	9.52%	18.52%
Native Americans	23.13%	39.01%



***All Models are adjusted for age, quadratic age, sex, educational attainment, metropolitan area and U.S. region. ***

